

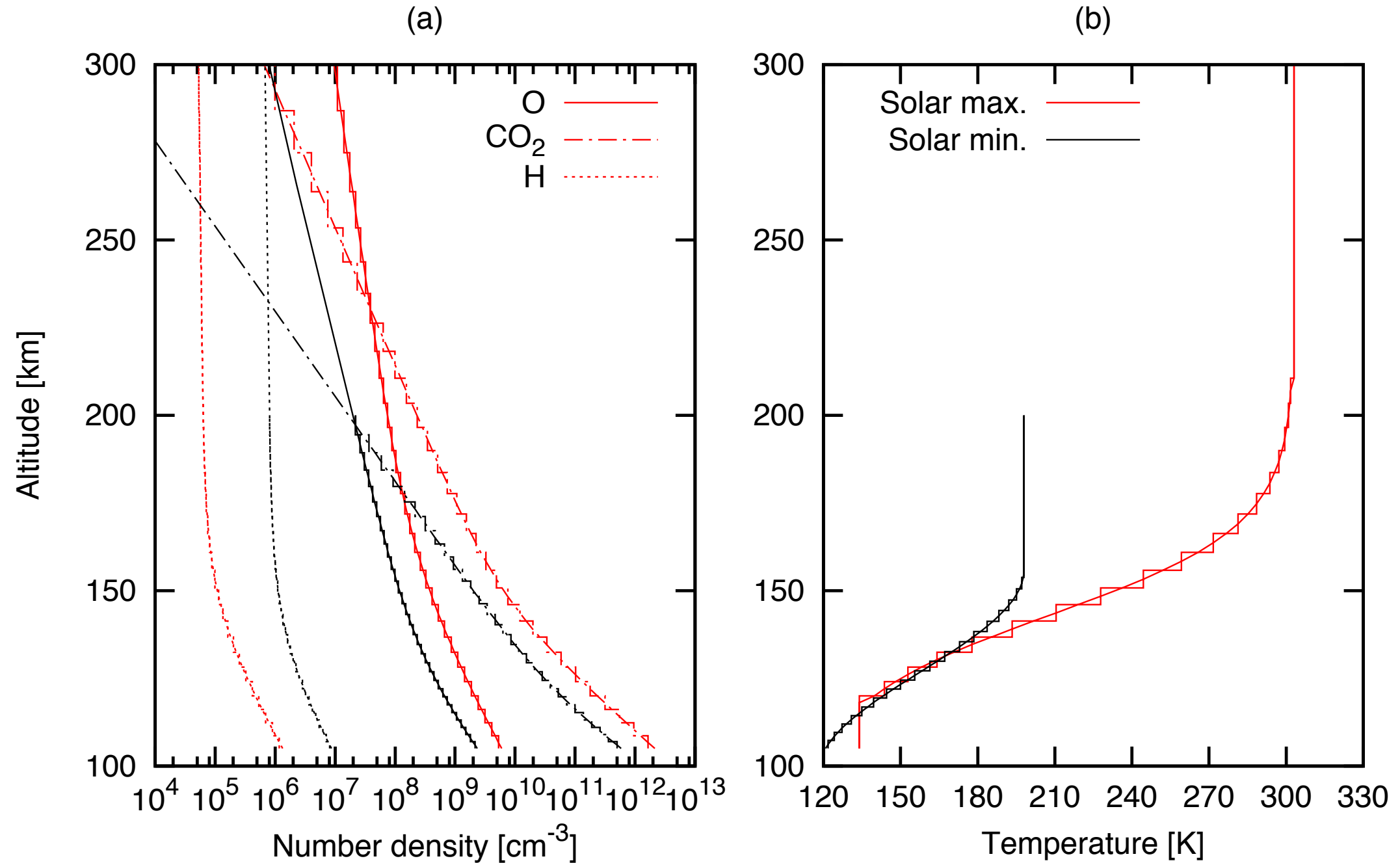
DPS meeting report: Sputtering response on Mars

Yung-Ching Wang (Jinnee)
Sep. 27, 2013

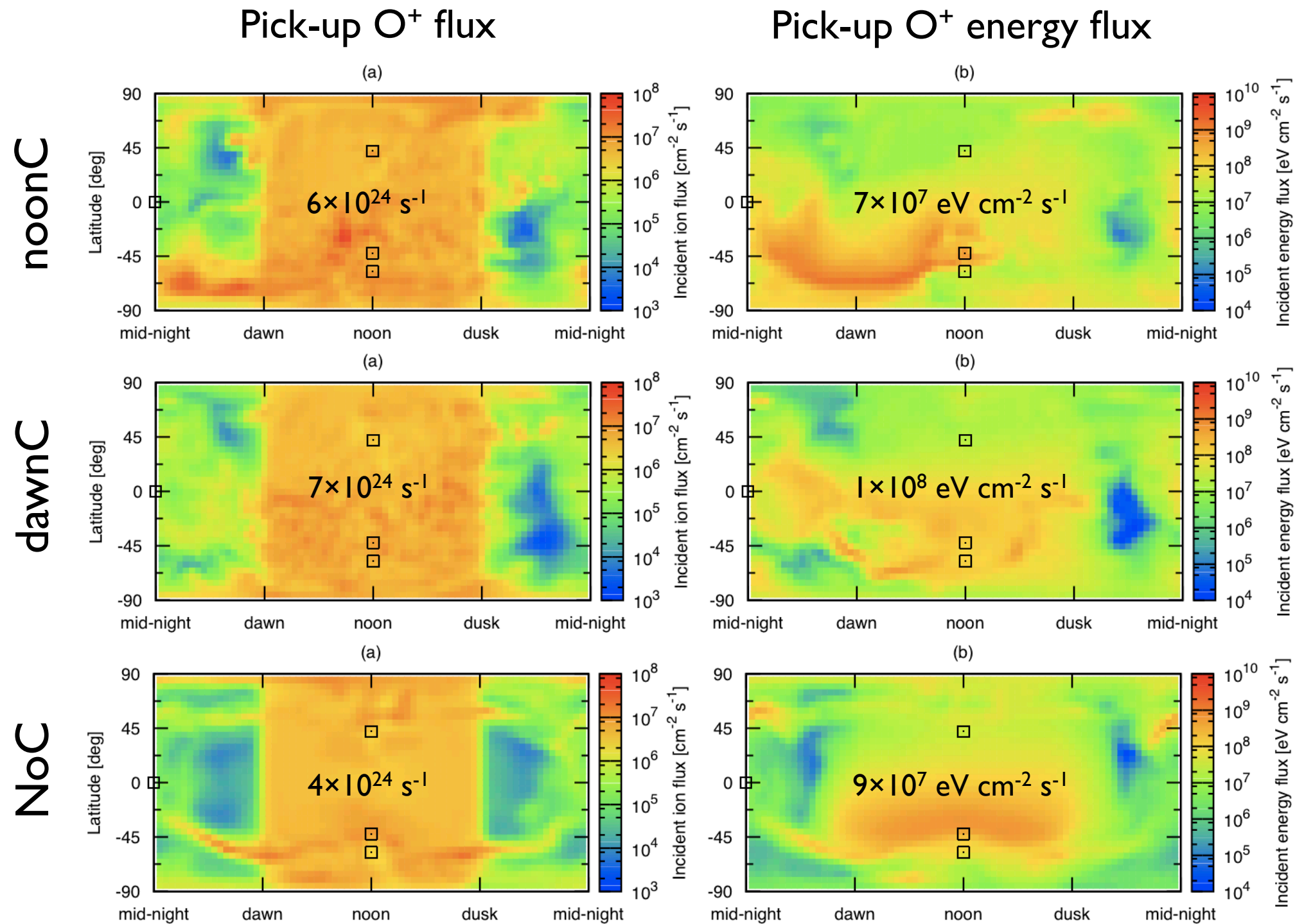
Add solar min. cases

Cases	n_{sw}	V_{sw}	IMF	Crustal field	Solar cycle
Quiet	4 cm^{-3}	400 km/s	3 nT Parker spiral	noon	Maximum
Active	4 cm^{-3}	1200 km/s	3 nT (B_y)	noon	Maximum
Extreme	20 cm^{-3}	1000 km/s	20 nT (B_y)	noon	Maximum
noonC	4 cm^{-3}	400 km/s	3 nT Parker spiral	noon	Minimum
dawnC	4 cm^{-3}	400 km/s	3 nT Parker spiral	dawn	Minimum
NoC	4 cm^{-3}	400 km/s	3 nT Parker spiral	Not included	Minimum

Atmospheres



Solar min. cases



Asymmetry due to Parker spiral IMF in [NoC] case

⇒ Toward or away IMF may also influence the orientation of the downstream tail.

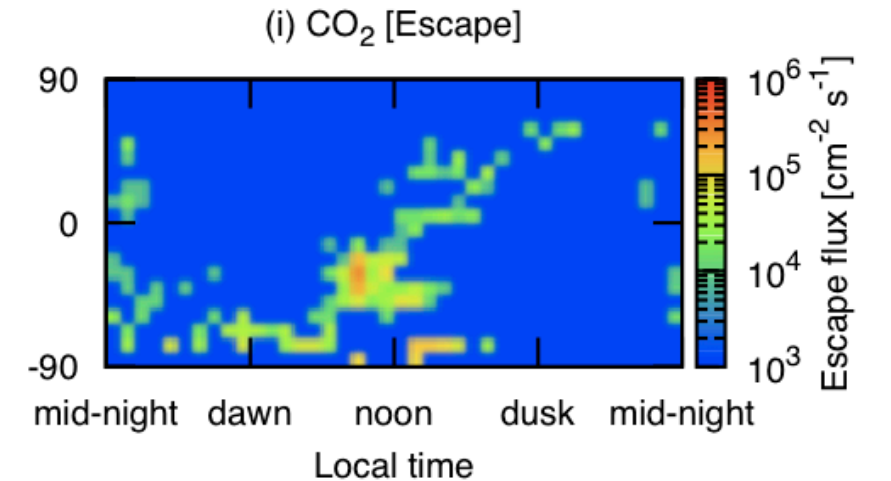
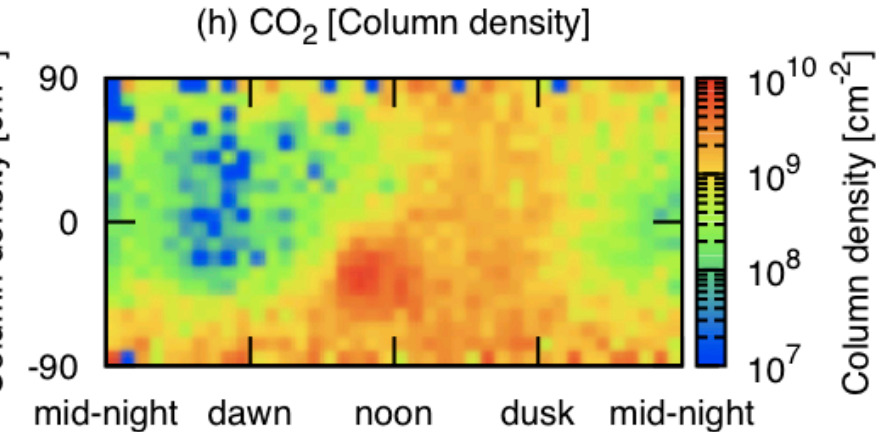
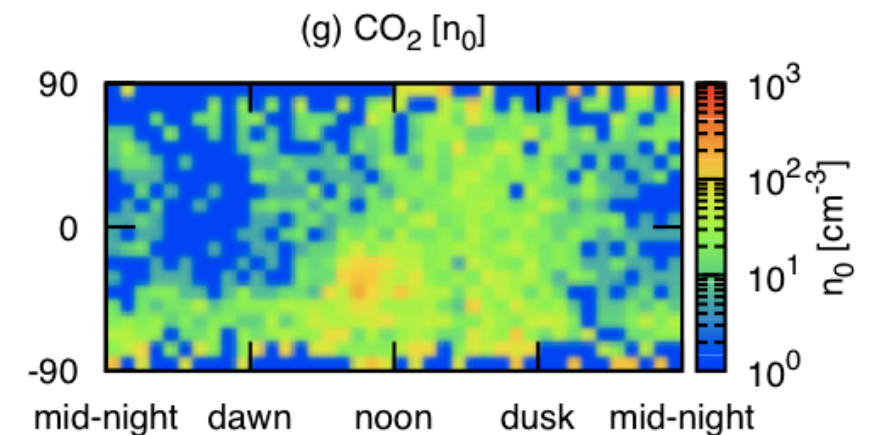
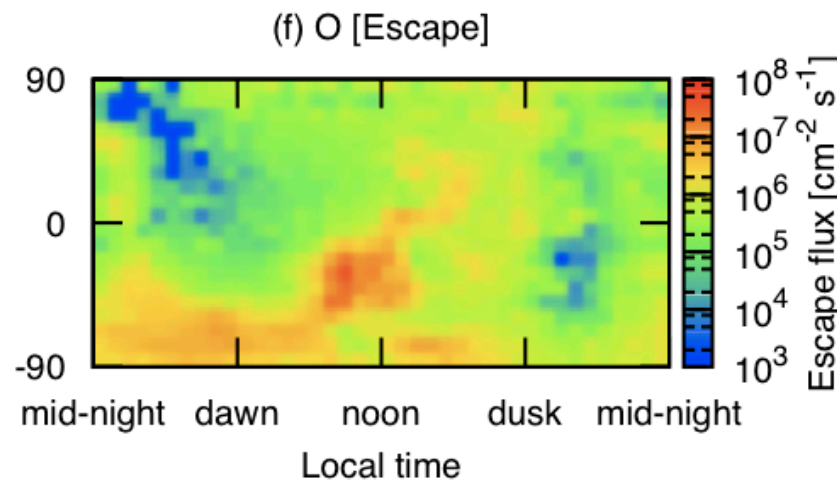
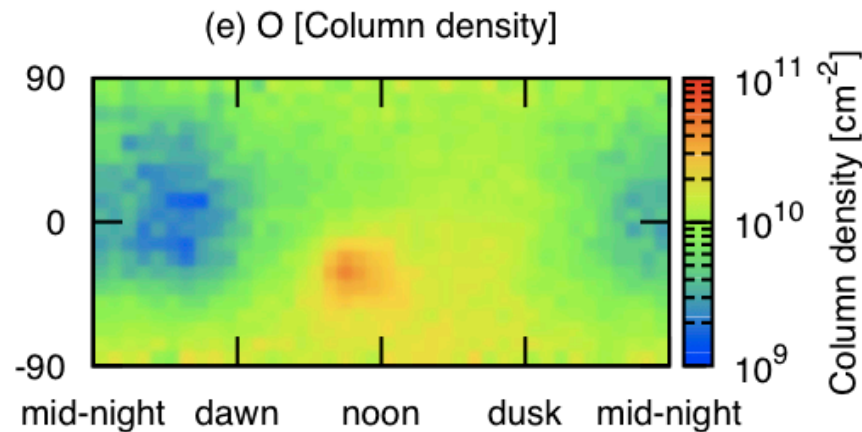
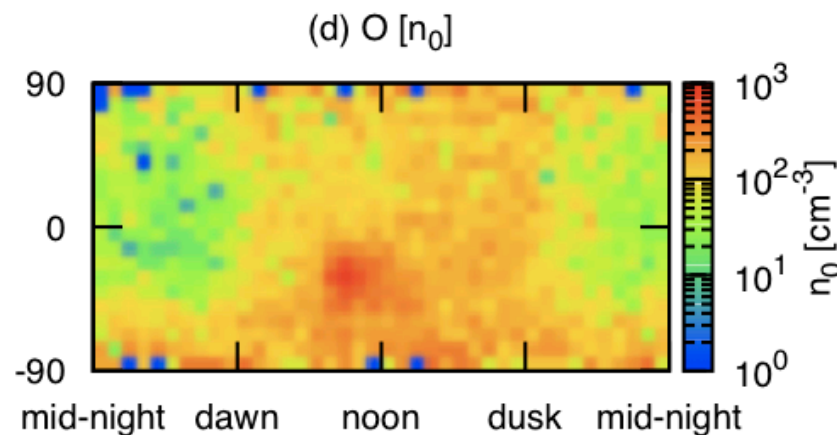
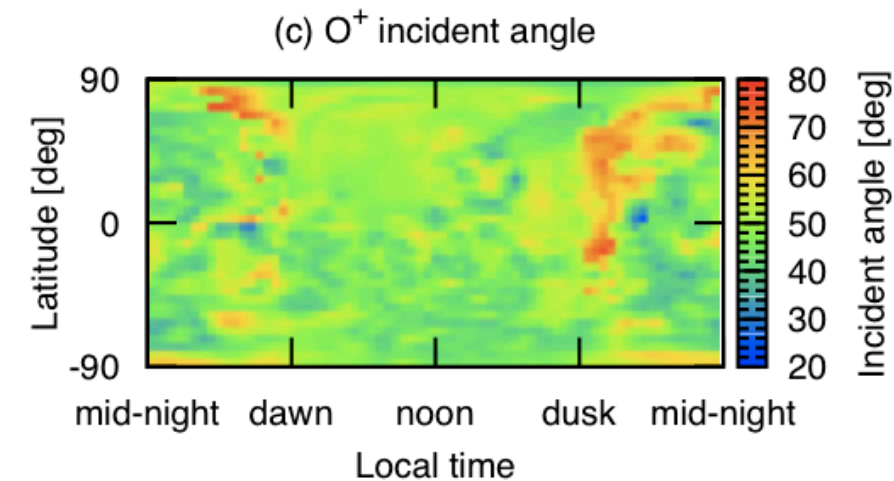
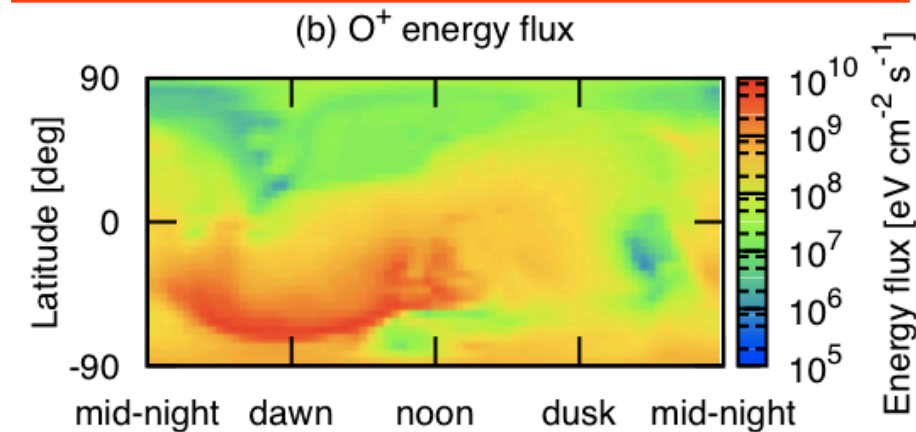
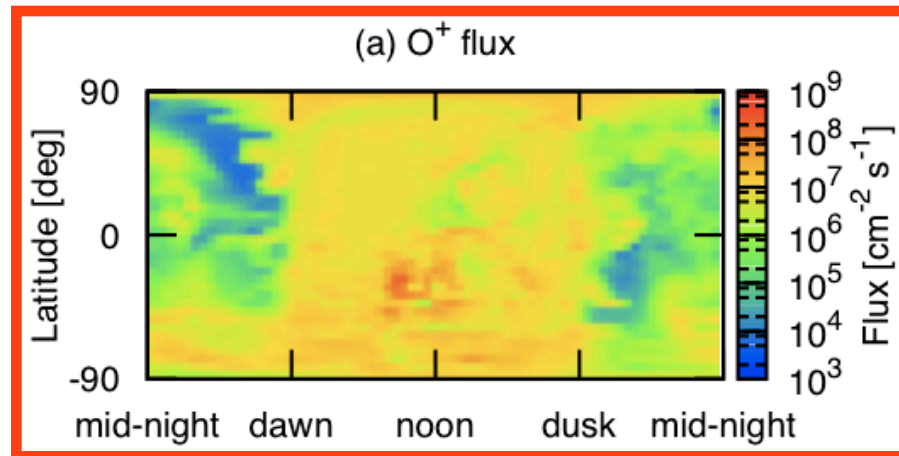
Pick-up O^+ precipitation

EUV (1026-15Å) at Mars = $5 \times 10^{11} \text{ eV cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

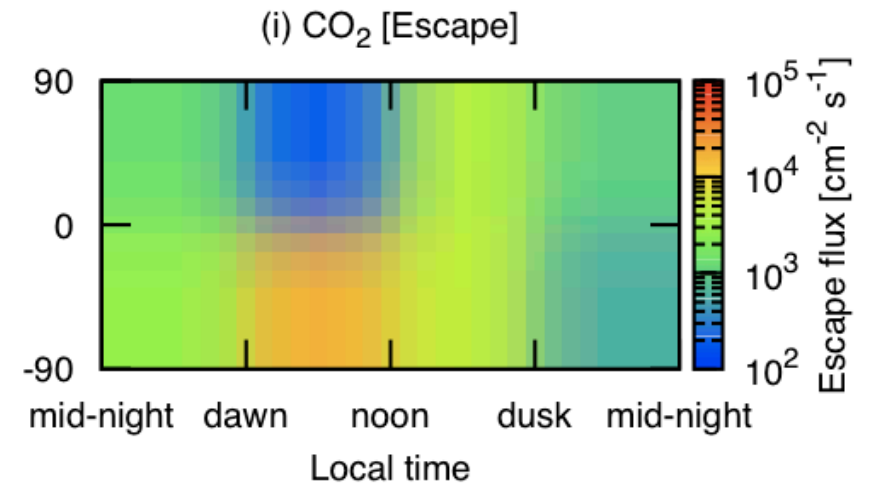
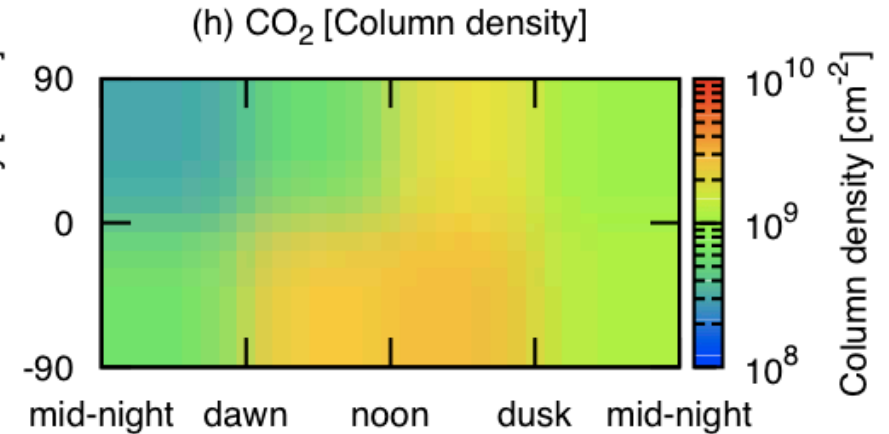
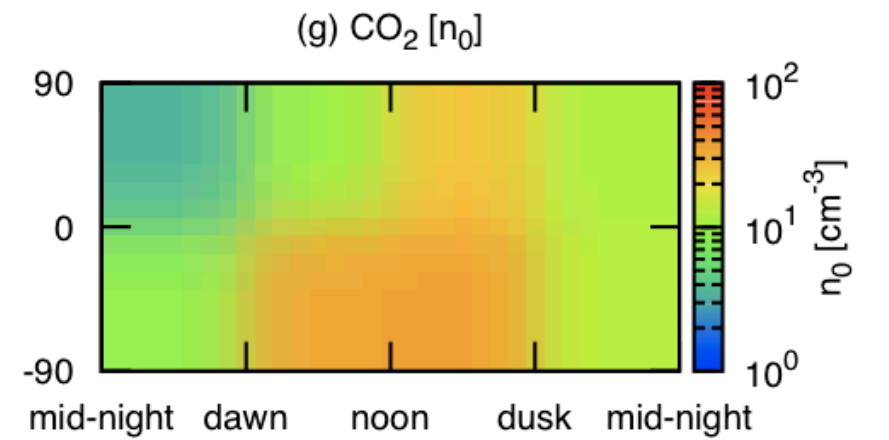
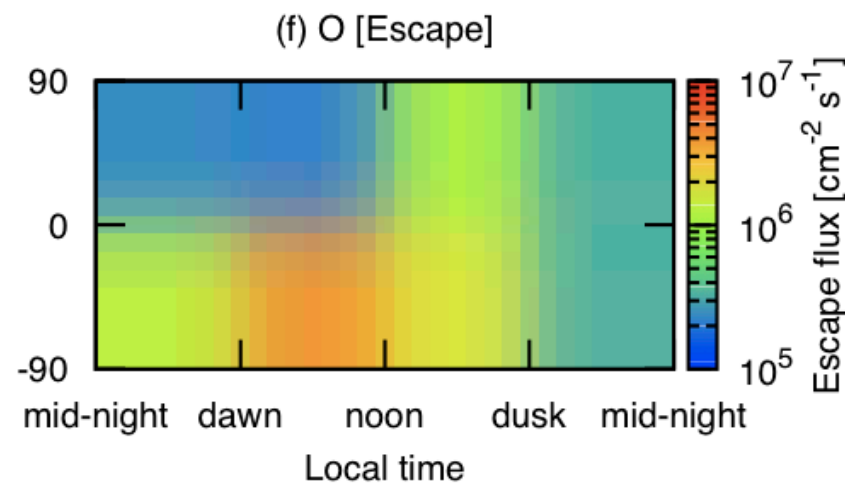
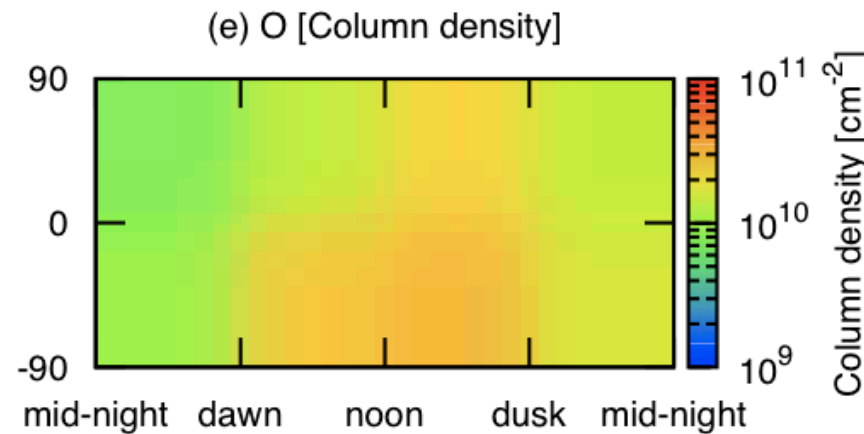
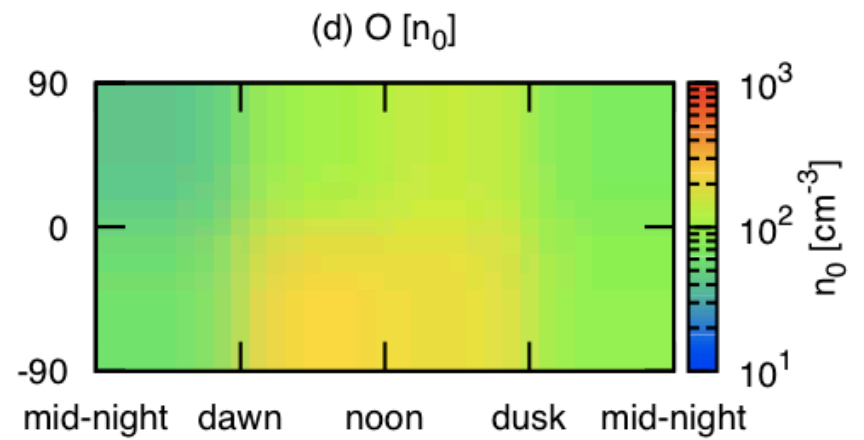
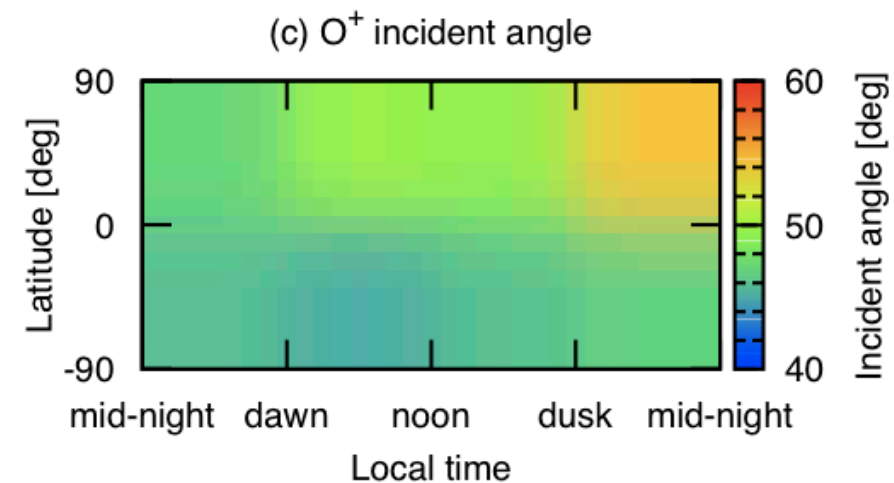
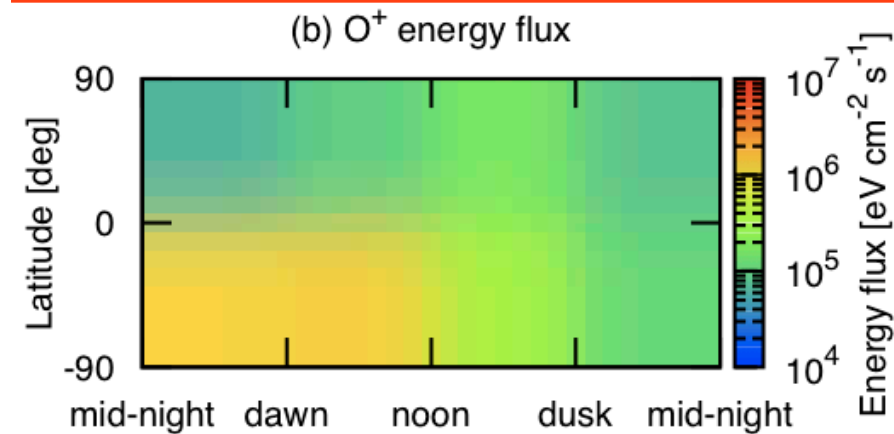
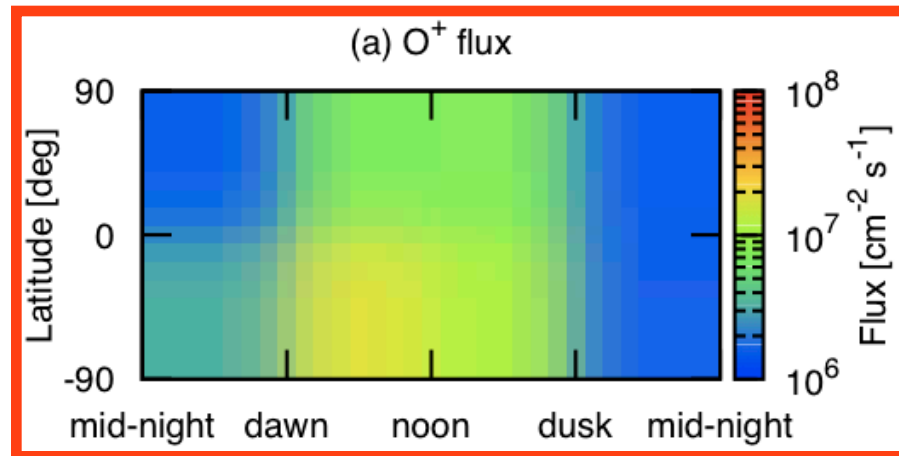
Cases	Precipitation rate	Avg. energy flux	Avg. incident angle
Quiet	$1 \times 10^{25} \text{ s}^{-1}$	$4 \times 10^8 \text{ eV cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$	47 deg
Active	$3 \times 10^{25} \text{ s}^{-1}$	$1 \times 10^9 \text{ eV cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$	50 deg
Extreme	$9 \times 10^{25} \text{ s}^{-1}$	$3 \times 10^{10} \text{ eV cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$	50 deg
noonC	$6 \times 10^{24} \text{ s}^{-1}$	$7 \times 10^7 \text{ eV cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$	48 deg
dawnC	$7 \times 10^{24} \text{ s}^{-1}$	$1 \times 10^8 \text{ eV cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$	46 deg
NoC	$4 \times 10^{24} \text{ s}^{-1}$	$9 \times 10^7 \text{ eV cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$	53 deg

Sputtering responses

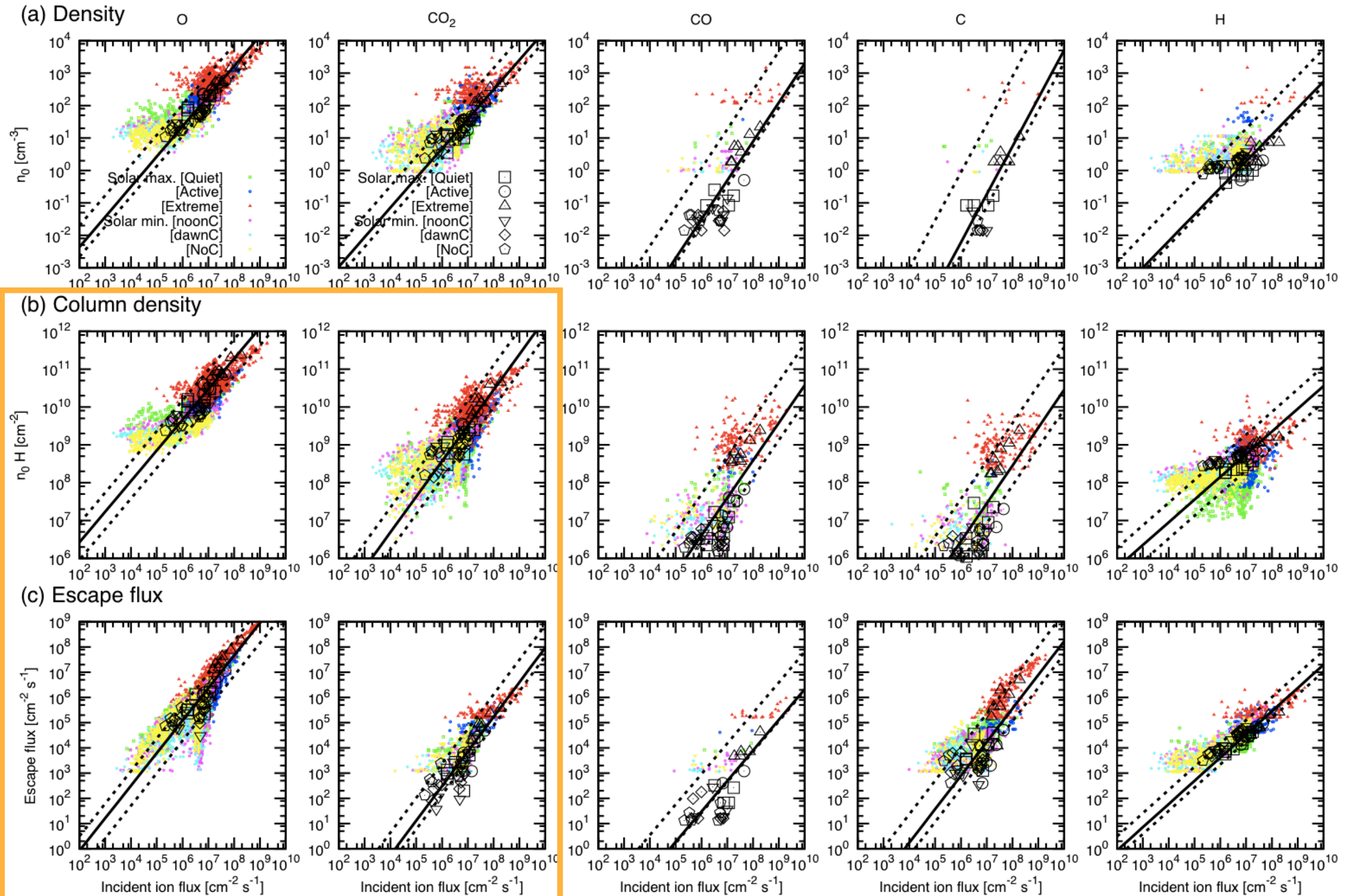
[Quiet case]



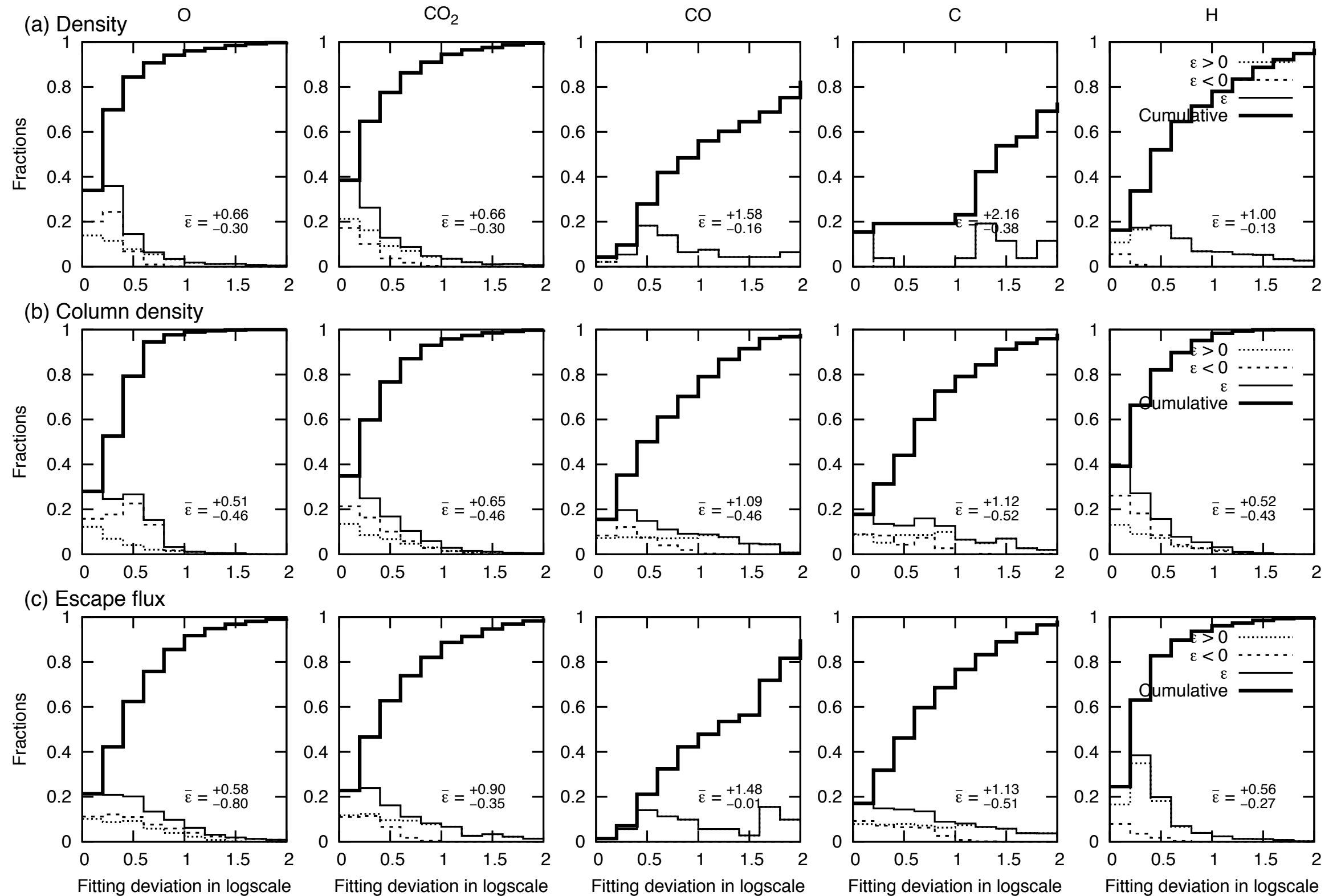
Averages [Quiet case]



Response fitting

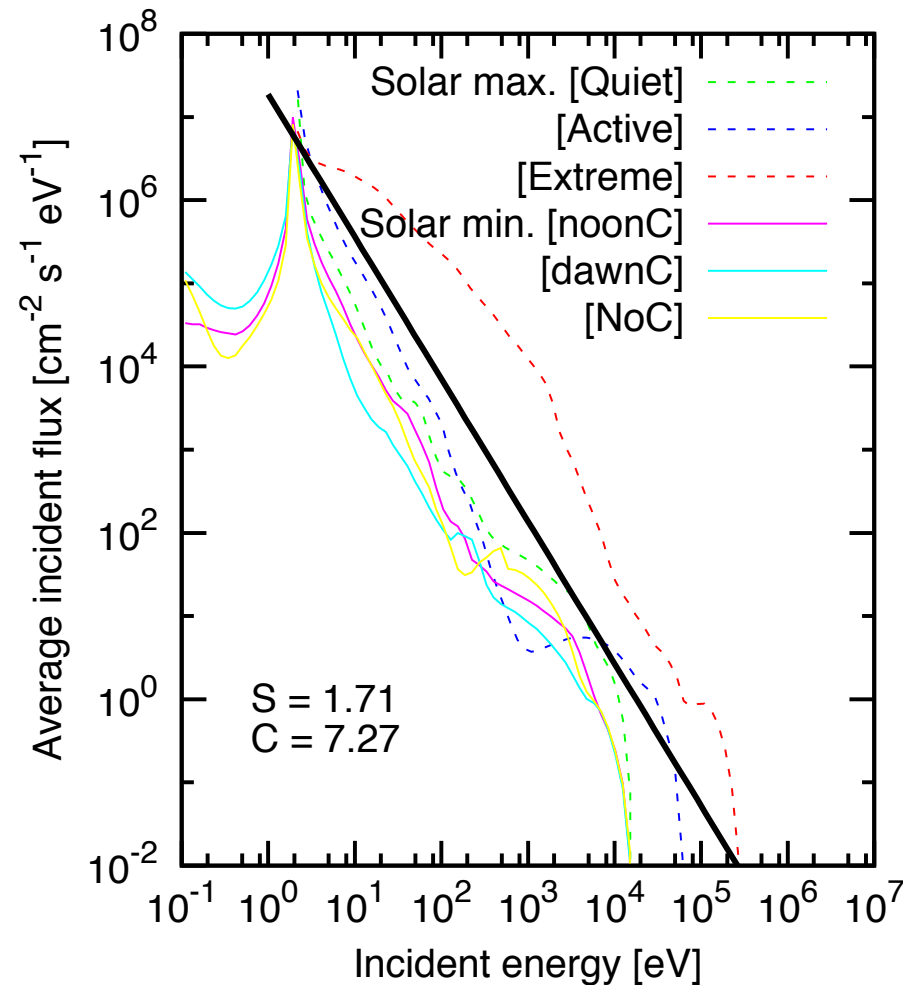


Fitting deviations

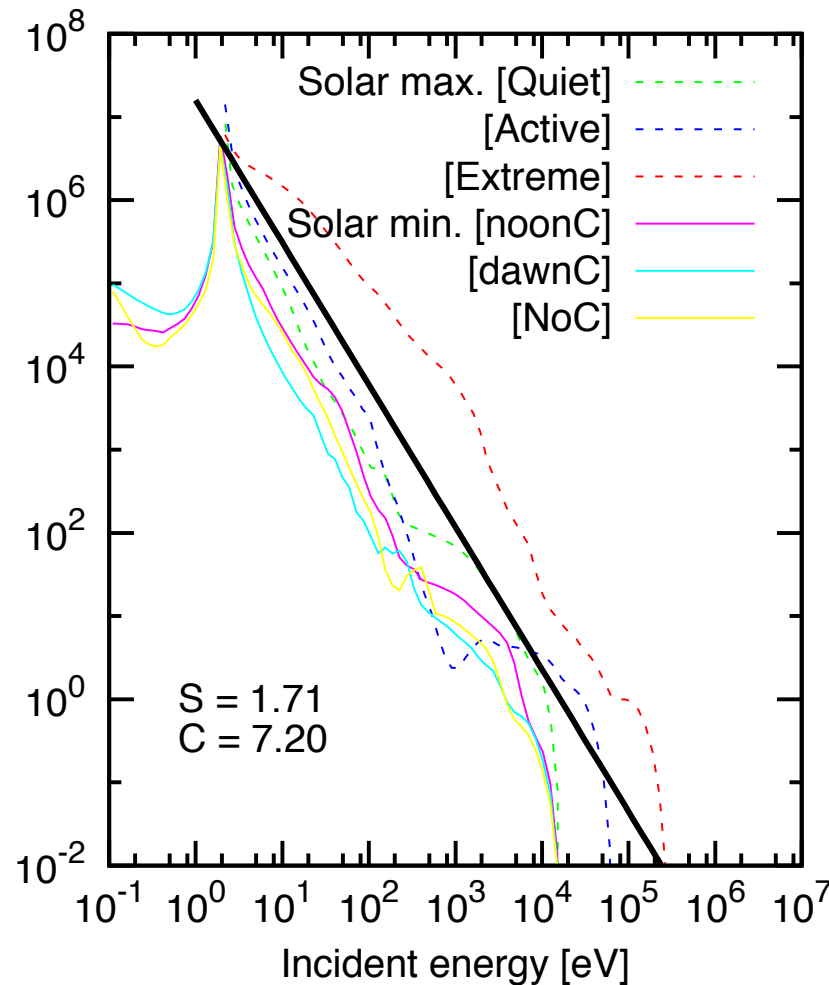


Spectrum types

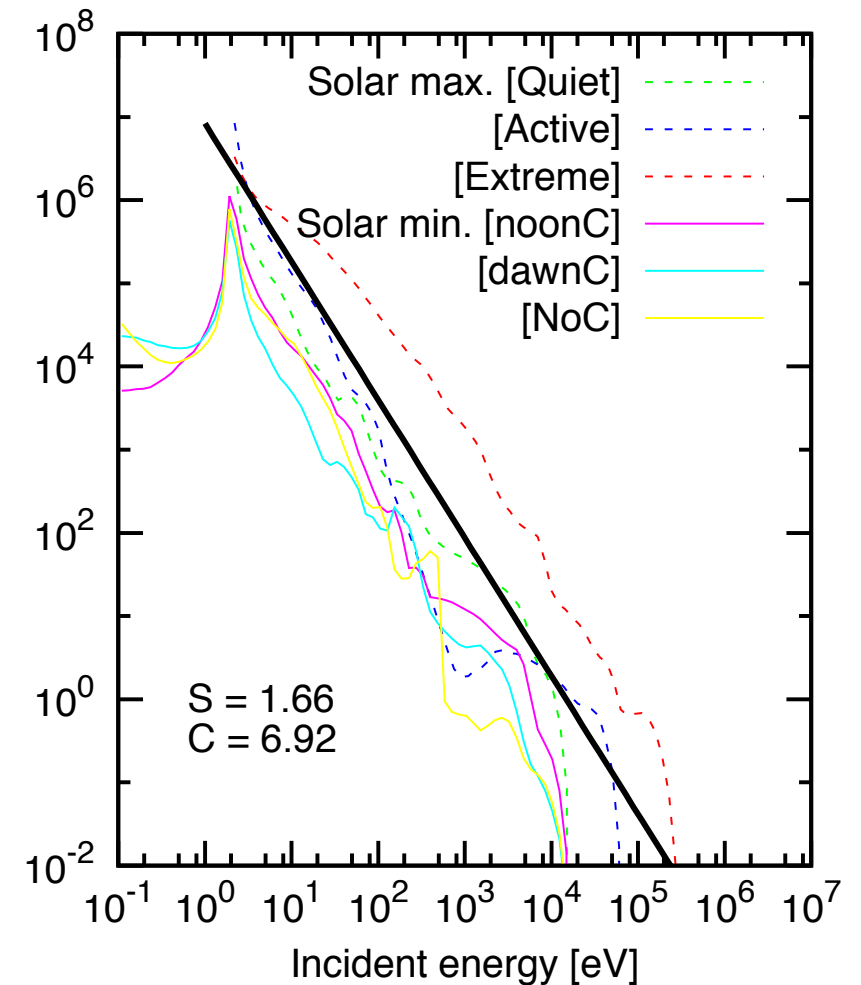
(a) $\log(f_{\text{sim}}) - \log(f_{\text{fit}}) < -0.1$



(b) $|\log(f_{\text{sim}}) - \log(f_{\text{fit}})| < 0.1$



(c) $\log(f_{\text{sim}}) - \log(f_{\text{fit}}) > 0.1$



$$\log(df_e) = C - S \log(E)$$

$\Rightarrow$ Catalogue spectra into 3 types:

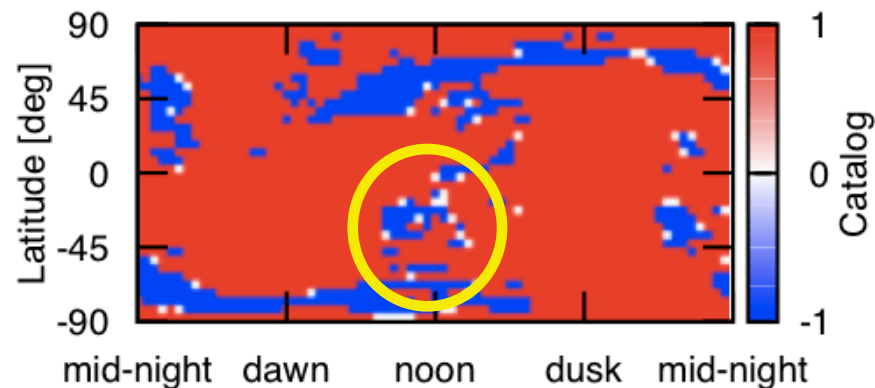
(-1) $S > 1.71$

(0) $1.71 > S > 1.66$

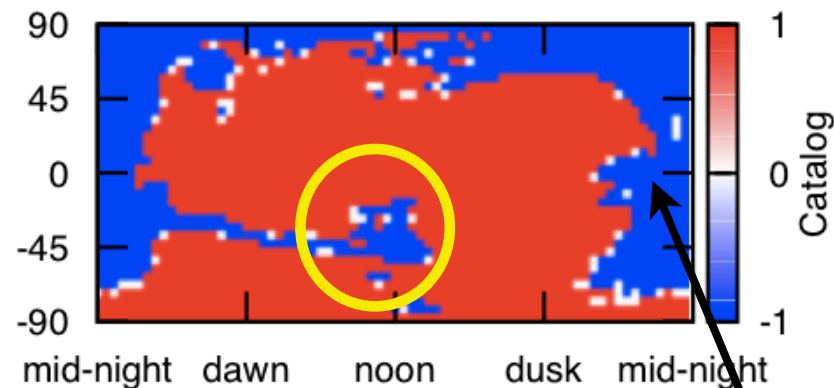
(1) $S < 1.66$

Spectrum catalog

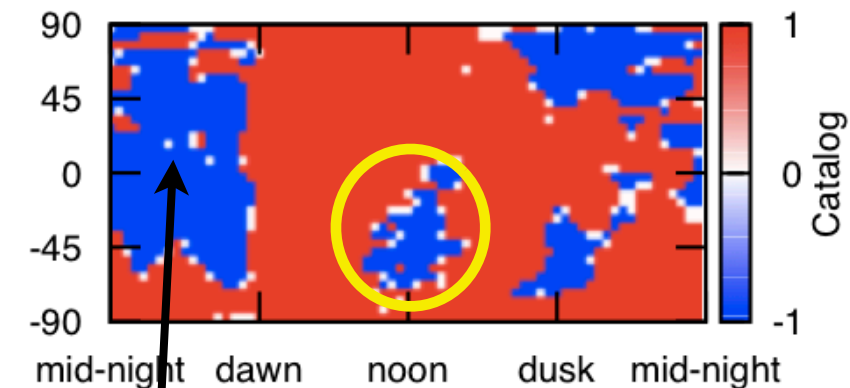
(a) Solar max. [Quiet]



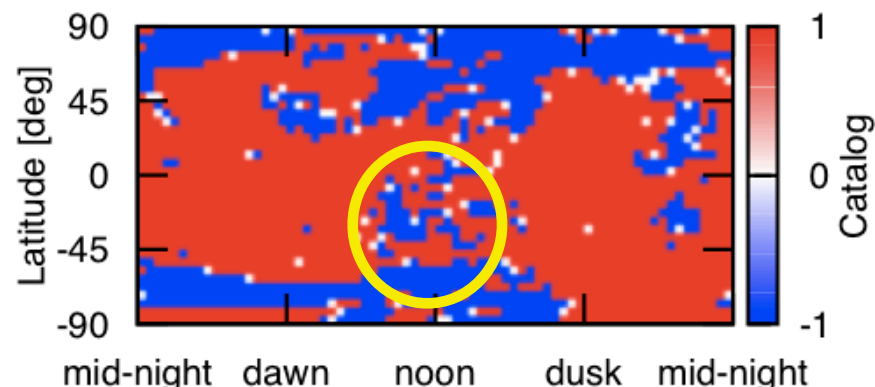
(b) Solar max. [Active]



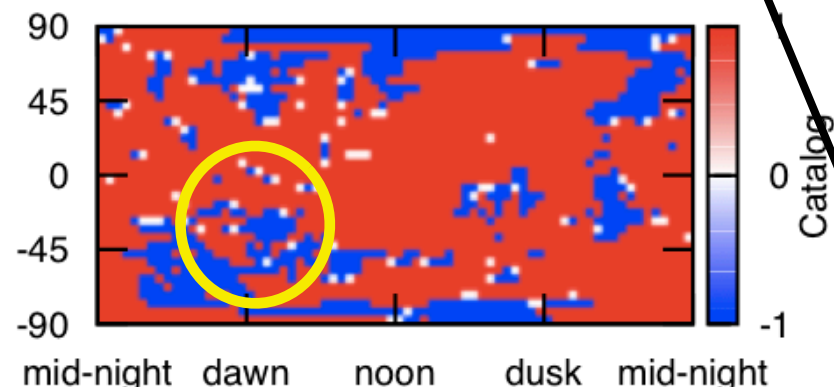
(c) Solar max. [Extreme]



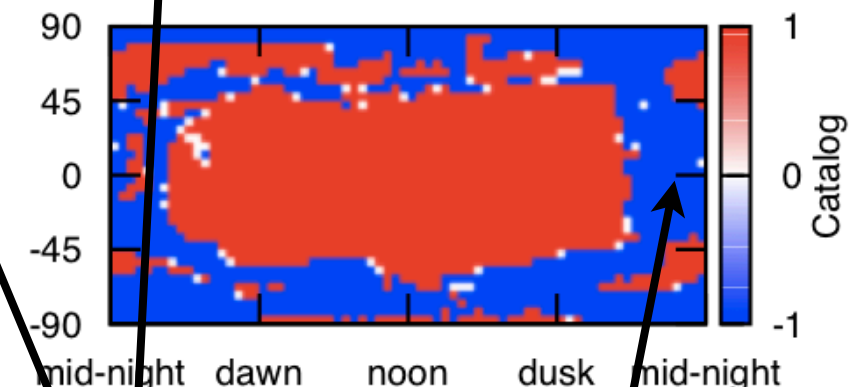
(d) Solar min. [noonC]



(e) Solar min. [dawnC]



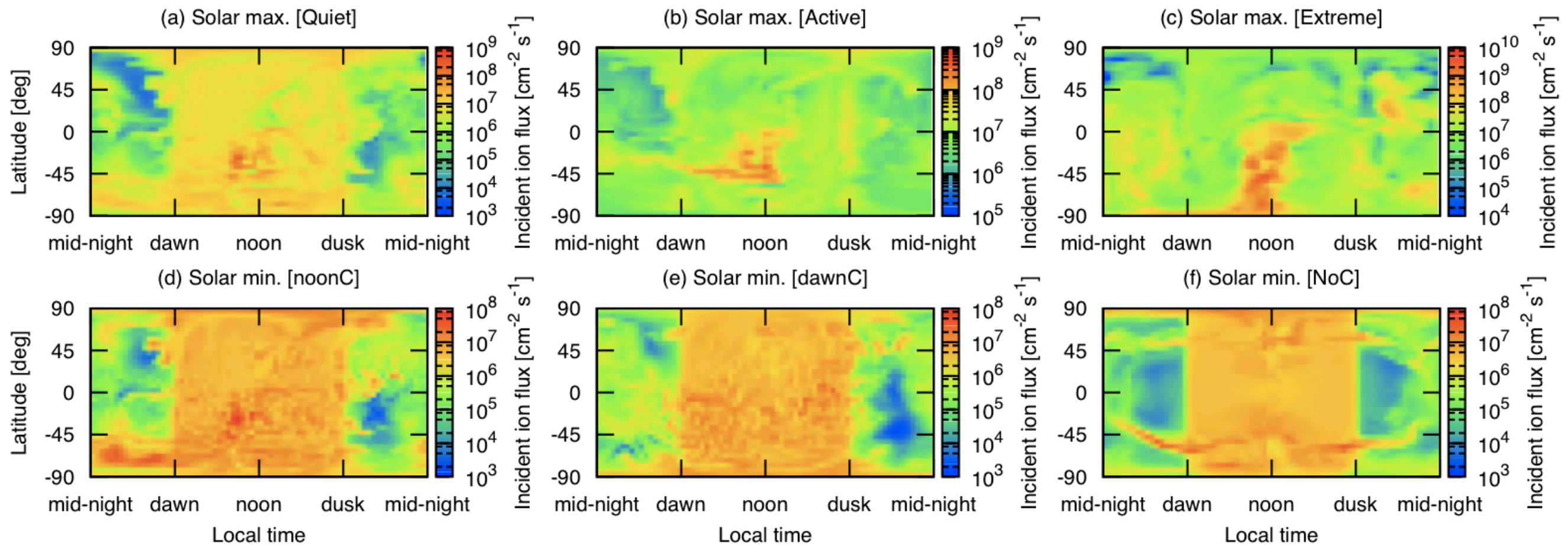
(f) Solar min. [NoC]



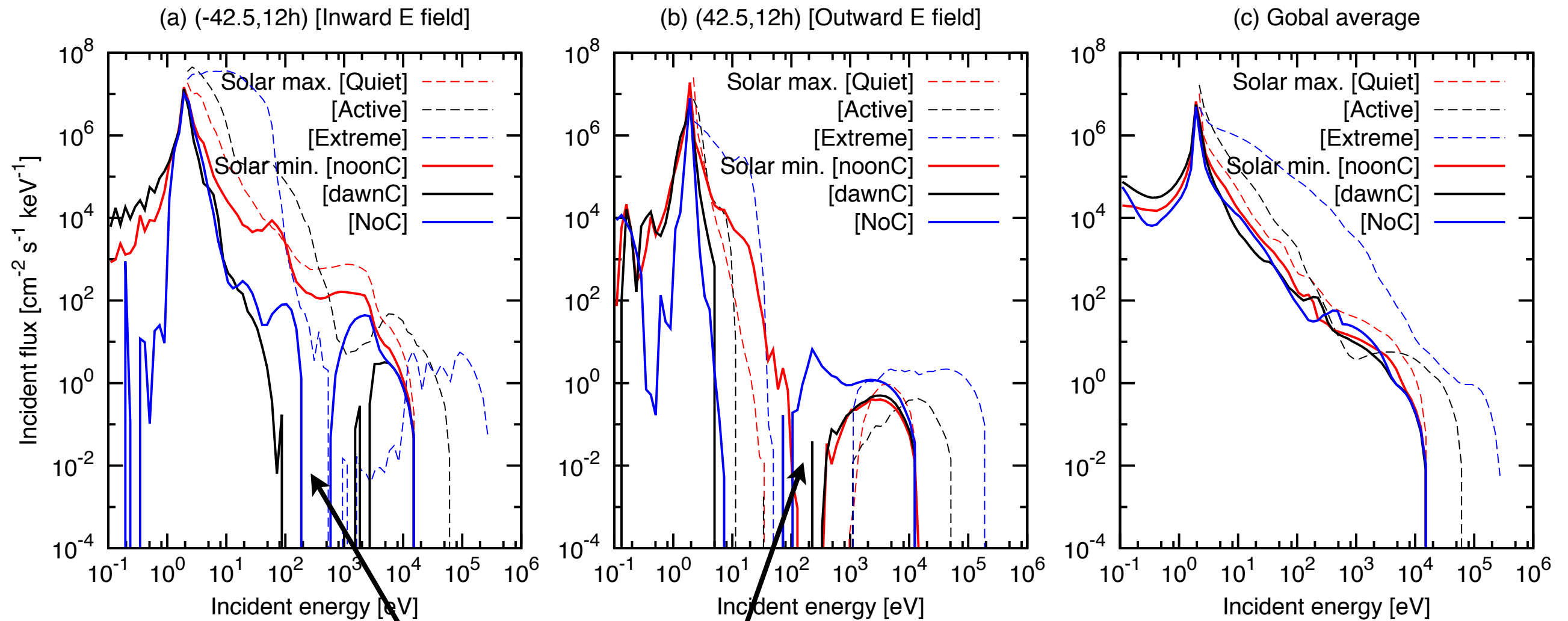
Larger ion fluxes with lower energies at strong crustal field regions.

Shorter pick-up ion recycling tail in the night-side.

Precipitation flux distribution



Spectrum fitting



“Forbidden regions” in the spectra due to separate treatment of the plasma flow and the motion of the pick-up ions from test particles in MHD model.
⇒ Uncertainties occur in the spectrum fitting when exclude those “forbidden regions”.